Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Claims 1-16.(Cancelled).

17. (Previously Presented) A method of operating a coal-burning power plant combustion system having a stack to lower an acid dewpoint temperature of a flue gas, the method comprising the steps of:

obtaining a coal-burning power plant;

partially combusting a fuel including coal in a first stage to create a chemically reducing environment in situ;

adjusting the reducing environment for a sufficient time period such that the flue gas acid dewpoint temperature is lowered to a temperature lower than the temperature of flue gas traveling through the stack by reducing SO₃ formed during combustion to SO₂ by electron addition; and

combusting the remainder of the fuel and combustion intermediates in a second stage with an oxidizing environment.

- 18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17, including the step of micro-staging the first stage fuel combustion.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the micro-staging is provided through the use of low-NOx burners.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17, including the step of macro-staging the first stage of fuel combustion.
- (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the macro-staging is provided through the use of over-fired air.

2

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- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17, including a combination of microstaging and macro-staging.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein the micro-staging is provided by low-NOx burners and the macro-staging is provided by over-fired air.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 17, wherein the fuel is coal having at least about 0.8% S content, and wherein the oxidizing environment is produced at least in part by over-fired air provided at a percent, based on total air, chosen from at least one greater than about-10% to about 30% of the total air.
- 25. (Previously Presented) A method of operating a coal-burning power plant combustion system to decrease the acid dewpoint temperature of its flue gas to a temperature lower than the temperature of flue gas traveling through a stack of the combustion system, the method comprising the steps of:

obtaining a coal-burning power plant;

partially combusting a fuel including coal in a first stage to create a chemically reducing environment in situ;

combusting the remainder of the fuel and combustion intermediates in a second stage with an oxidizing environment;

measuring the acid dewpoint of the flue gas;

measuring the temperature of the flue gas traveling through the stack; and if the measured acid dewpoint temperature is higher than the measured flue gas temperature, adjusting the reducing environment for a sufficient time period such that SO₃ formed during combustion is reduced to SO₂ by electron addition to decrease the acid dewpoint temperature of the flue gas.

26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, including the step of micro-staging the first stage fuel combustion.

3

- 27. (Original) The method of claim 26, wherein the micro-staging is provided through the use of low-NOx burners.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, including the step of macro-staging the first stage of fuel combustion.
- (Original) The method of claim 28, wherein the macro-staging is provided through the use of over-fired air.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, including a combination of microstaging and macro-staging.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 30, wherein the micro-staging is provided by low-NOx burners and the macro-staging is provided by over-fired air.
- 32. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 25, wherein the fuel is coal having at least about 0.8% S content, and wherein the oxidizing environment is produced at least in part by over-fired air provided at a percent, based on total air, chosen from at least one greater than about 10% to about 30% of the total air.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17, wherein SO₃ concentration is adjusted to about 15 to 20 ppm at an ESP component of the combustion system, thereby optimizing ESP function.
- 34.(Previously Presented) The method of claim 25, wherein SO₃ concentration is adjusted to about 15 to 20 ppm at an ESP component of the combustion system, thereby optimizing ESP function.
- (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17, wherein the coal-burning power plant has a load of at least about 70 MW_{net}.

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36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the coal-burning power plant has a load of at least about 70 MW_{net} .

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5